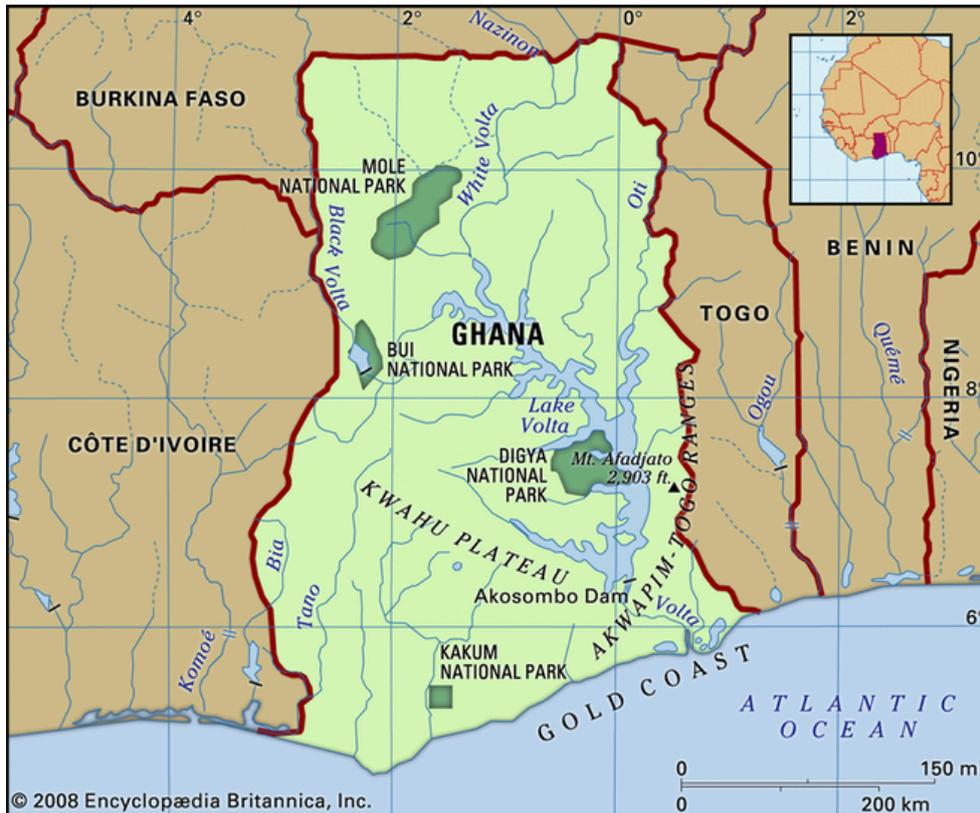




03 July 2025

Context: The Prime Minister of India is set to embark on a significant two-day state visit to Ghana, marking the first visit by an Indian Prime Minister in over thirty years.



About Ghana:

- **Location:** Located along the Gulf of Guinea in West Africa.
- **Capital:** Accra.
- **Neighbouring Countries:** Burkina Faso, Togo, Côte d'Ivoire, and the Atlantic Ocean.

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Geological & Physical Features:

Mountains & Plateaus:

- Characterized by dissected Precambrian peneplains with elevations that seldom surpass 900 meters.

Key mountain ranges include:

- The Akwapim-Togo Ranges in the east, featuring Mount Afadjato, the highest peak at 885 m.
- The Kwahu Plateau and Gambaga Scarp constitute significant uplands and escarpments.

Rivers & Lakes:

- The Volta River System is the dominant feature of the landscape:
- Lake Volta: Recognized as one of the largest artificial lakes in the world, covering 8,500 sq. km, formed by the Akosombo Dam.
- Major tributaries include the Black Volta, White Volta, and Oti rivers.
- Other notable rivers are the Pra, Ankobra, and Tano.

Soil Types:

- **Lateritic Soils:** Predominant across the forest and savanna regions.
- Ochrosols: Fertile and well-drained soils found in forest and coastal areas, making them suitable for agriculture.
- **Akuse Clays:** Heavy tropical black earths that are ideal for irrigation-based farming.
- Vleisols and acidic gray earths are prevalent in the less fertile coastal savanna regions.